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(473365-H)

Sustainable Agriculture through Innovative Biotechnology

What is inside the natural soil?



What is inside the natural soil?

- 1. Microbe.
 - Decompose organic matter.
 - Nutrient recycle.
 - Humus formation.
 - Nitrogen fixing.
 - Promote plant's growth.

- 2. Organic matter.
 - As a source of nutrient pool for plant.
 - As a source food for bacteria.
 - Recover soil nutrient.

What is inside the natural soil?

- 3. Macro and micro nutrient.
 - Carbon, Hydrogen, Oxygen
 - Nitrogen
 - Phosphorus
 - Potassium
 - Calcium
 - Magnesium
 - Sulphur

- Manganese
- Copper
- Zinc
- Molybdenum
- Boron
- Chlorine
- Iron

Important for plant growth, food formation, etc.

Why soil protection is important?

- Soil provide moisture, nutrients, air and protection to the plant.
- Plant Provide food and shelter to human.
- Human but human provide non other than chemical fertilizer hence jeopardizing the soil health.

Why soil protection is important?

 When the soil was damaged due to acidification, its immune system will be weaken. An unhealthy soil will not produce a vibrant plant as the plant will suffered from a lot of disease. Hence the plant will not provide quality food to human. Therefore, soil recovery and human's quality life is important.

Virgin forest stage.





Plantation clearing stage.



The importance of chemical fertilizer.

 Soils contain natural reserves of plant nutrients, but these reserves are largely in forms unavailable to plants, and only a minor portion is released each year through biological activity or chemical processes. This release is too slow to compensate for the removal of nutrients by agricultural production and to meet crop requirements. The plant require 16 nutrients in order to grow well, this causing mass nutrient removal from the soil from which the nutrient has to be replenish for the plant to survive.

Chemical fertilizer and soil health.

 Therefore, chemical fertilizers are designed to supplement the nutrients already present in the soil. The use of chemical fertilizer, organic fertilizer or biofertilizer has its advantages and disadvantages in the context of nutrient supply, crop growth and environmental quality.

Pros and cons of chemical fertilizer.



Initial use.

Pros.

- Crops grows fast and big.
- Adequate nutrient.
- Support plant growth.
- Increase harvest yields.

Pros and cons of chemical fertilizer.

<u>Cons.</u>

- Toxicity and pollution.
- Results in depleted soil, and results in acidity.
- Interfere with natural soil ecology.



Prolong use.

Damaged soil vs healthy soil.















Type of fertilizer.





Chemical fertilizer.



Medicine.

Effect fast, but a lot of disadvantages. Prolonged use of chemical fertilizer = Prolonged use of medicine = Although is fast and efficient but a lot of disadvantages.









Type of fertilizer.





Health supplements.

16

What is IBG biofertilizer



The best solution for human health



What is inside the IBG bio fertilizer?



Beneficial microbes of no less than 10⁸ cfu/ml.

Aloe vera, seaweed extract, humic acid, amino acid, fish emulsify.

- Biofertilizer in the market has to contain minimum 10 million cfu/g bacteria in order to be classified as biofertilizer. With our technology, IBG biofertilizer has attain 100 million cfu/g of bacteria
- Moreover, microbes cannot survive alone without organic matter. It has to be complemented with organic matter and macro and micro nutrient in order to efficiently recover the soil.
- These two combination is equal to what is originally inside the soil. IBG biofertilizer is able to provide a holistic element for the plant to grow and absorb better.



IBG MANUFACTURING SDN. BHD. 199801017236 (473365-H)

No. 3, Jalan TPP 3, Taman Perindustrian Putra, 47130 Puchong, Selangor Darul Ehsan. Tel: +603 - 8066 2875 Fax: +603 - 8052 1303 E-mail: info@ibgv.com.my

IBG Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. accredited by Standards Malaysia under accreditation number 494 for Chemical and Microbiology Tests

TEST REPORT

Customer: Production Department IBG Manufacturing Scin Bhd No. 3, Jalan TPP 3, Taman Perindustrian Putra, 47130 Puchong, Selangor Darul Ehsan. Page 1 of 1

Sample description Sample marking : Liquid Biofertilizer : Durian 05/07/23 MAS-F030-2307-01

Test parameter	Method	Unit	Results
Total plate count, PCA @ 37°C for 48 hours	In House Method, TM-IBG-03-001, based on AS 1766.1.3, 1991	cfu/g	1.1 x 10 ⁸
pH @ 23.0°C	In House Method, TM-IBG-02-004, based on pH meter	-	4.02
*Total Organic Matter	In House Method, TM-IBG-02-025, based on AOAC 967.05, MS 417: Part 2: 1994, Clause 3 & MS 417: Part 2: 1994, Clause 5	% w/w	55.10

* Not accredited

Total plate count: 107 cfu/g

LEE CHOON HOONG

Senior Microbiologist BSc (Hons) in Biomedical Science

Dr. LINDA NG YIAN YIAN Chief Technical Officer BSc (Hons), MSc, PhD, FMIC (IKM No.: F/0100/1958/89/92/13)

The results reported relate only to the items tested as received. This test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the approval of the laboratory

An Innovation in Biotechnology for Green World www.ibgbiofertilizer.com.my



Content of IBG bio fertilizer.



Beneficial microbes - Improve absorption and decompose organic matter, no less than 10⁸ cfu/ml.



Aloe vera, seaweed extract, humic acid, amino acid, fish emulsify -Improve soil organic matter content.

Application of IBG bio fertilizer.

Dosage.

70 – 80%

Please do take note that IBG biofertilizer is applied as replacement 20 – 30% from chemical fertilizer. So your material cost does not change after using IBG biofertilizer.

20 - 30%

Chemical fertilizer.

IBG bio fertilizer.

Why choose IBG bio fertilizer?

- Increase plant productivity.
- Provide an economically viable support.
- Soil health maintenance.
- Effective in helping plant to absorb nutrients.
- Reduces the dosage of chemical fertilizers.
- Reduces soil-borne root diseases of plants.
- Save on fertilizer storage capacity.





A healthy person will less likely A healthy plant will less likely to get any disease. get any disease.









After the soil was treated with IBG bio fertilizer, microbes can help in organic matter decomposition and soil mineralization. It release the Nitrogen and Phosphorus during decomposition and thus the N, and P fertilizer can be reduced. International Journal of Microbiology Research, ISSN: 0975-5276, Volume 1, Issue 2, 2009, pp-23-31

Biofertilizers: A novel tool for agriculture

Boraste A.¹, Vamsi K.K.², Jhadav A.³, Khairnar V.³ S.V.P.M. Coll ²Rai toundations *Padmashree Dr. D.Y. PL V.V.P. Engin Sindhu Maha Pr. D. Y. Pal

Abstri produ produ over varin wor In

Chapter 1

The possible role of bio-fertilizers in agriculture

Corporation.

wricultural and Techn

staviology.

Potential and Possible Uses of Bacterial and Fungal Biofertilizers Francesco Gentili Ari Jumpponen

INTRODUCTION

During the past four decades we have witnessed the doubling of the hubutting the past tour decades we have withessed the doubling of use nu-man population and a concurrent doubling of food production (Vance, 2001). Discussion to a structure to a structure to a structure of a feature of a structure of the struct 2001). Plant nutrition has played a key role in this dramatic increase in de-2001). Fram number has played a key role in this dramatic increase in de-mand for and supply of food. Increases in crop production have been made manu for and supply of food, increases in crop production nave occur made possible through the use of commercial man-made fertilizers. The use of nitrogen (N) fertilizer has increased almost ninefold and phosphorus (P) more trogen (x) returned has increased annost microid and phosphorus (r/more than fourfold (Vance, 2001). The tremendous increase of N and P fertilization in the transfer to the t than (currota (vance, 2001). The ormenous increase of iv and r increase tion, in addition to the introduction of highly productive and intensive agrition, in addition to the introduction or inguiry productive and miensive agri-cultural systems, has allowed these developments to occur at relatively low cumural systems, has allowed these developments to occur at relatively for costs (Schultz et al., 1995; Vance, 2001). The increasing use of fertilizers and highly productive systems have also created environmental problems such as deterioration of soil quality, surface water, and grounder as air pollution, reduced biodiversity, and sur

EFFECTS OF BIOFERTILIZERS COMBINED WITH DIFFERENT SOIL

ECISI

International Journal of Agriculture: Research and Review, Vol., 2 (6), 099-704, 2012 ISSN 2228-7973 302012 ECISI Journals

RESEARCH

Arshad Javaid1"

BIOFERTILIZER AFFECTS YIELD AND YIELD COMPONENTS OF WHEAT

NASEIN GHADERI-DANESHMAND¹, ARDOLMAHDI BAKRSHANDER³ AND MORAMMAD REZA ROSTAMT²¹ I- Postgrinducte of Ramin University of agriculture and natural resources, Alwaz, Khouszestan, Iran. 2 - Professor of Ramin University of agriculture and natural resources. Alwar, Khourzestan, Iran. Protection of college of agriculture and natural resources of university of Tehran, Karaj, Iran.

*Corresponding Author Email: mr.rostami@ut.ac.ir

ABSTRACT: In order to study effects of biological fertilizers, chemical fertilizers and Another that the must be substituted in the second statements the second statement in the second statement of the second state orderena growing connects to one you you and you record or whom connects or second and to reduce chemical fertilizers and improve soil and plate nutrition, an experiment was musto reduce exemption restricts and improve was and plots internally, an experiment was carried out in research field of Agriculture and Natural Resources University of Ramin, Iran carried too in restance here or regretation and manual resonance control way to manufacture in in crop year of 2009-2010. The experiment was performed in split plot-factorial design in every your or complete randomized block design with three replications. In this study, anangeo in a compare randomized more using with unce representations in this source chemical factor was the base plot in three levels (Control, half of local recommended and total chemical status was the one provide the state and a control of the state of the sta secondary factors with three levels (Control, 0.5 and 1 liter per hectare). Results indicate that secondary accuracy income events contained on the standard second s weight, biological yield and harvest index. Combined treatments of microorganisms (Aztv bacteria and Pesudomonas fluorescent) and chemical fertilizers hid the greatest impact of the studied traits. Analyze of variance suggest that highest yield of grain was achieved by subsets units, runayte or variance suggest that tegeness yield or going was achieved by complete use of all three fertilizers in recommended fertilizer rate compared to control compare use or air more returners in incommension terminer rate compared to control treatment. Overall, the results showed that, biological fertilizers have a significant role in improving yield and yield components of wheat, and Bio-femilizers with chemical femilizers may be useful to increase the yield and reduce environmental pollution. Key words: wheat, yield, yield components, Biofertilizer,

INTRODUCTION Given the increasing world population, more than ever feel the need to increase food production. For this purpose, four solutions (increase in area under cultivation, yield per un

While utilize Bio-fertilizers importing a large population of effective microorganisms in the

aged Numerous research shows that the use of bio fertilizer does assist in plant growth and and d Bosch overall sustainable soil conservation

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terrestrat ecosystems. A more comprehensive and complete view of the N pollution, which will be eventually deposited into errestrial ecosystems. A more comprehensive and comprehenview of the iv cycle and impacts of N deposition at the global level can be found in Community waste and sewage sludge provide an inexpensive and attractive alternative. One problem with the use of these sources of plant nutrition is their high content of heavy metals, which may have adverse effects on

er al., 2005). Sustainable agriculture based on the Bio-femilizers with purpose of significant reduction or climination in the use of chemical inputs, is an optimal solution for overcoming these problems. To achieve sustainable agriculture in areas with limited resources, we need to use ways to reduce production costs and improves stability of yield,

ountries and developing countries are carried out with different motivations. The purpose encourage developed countries to produce of such fertilizers is due to serious environmental consequences by uncontrolled and unbalanced use of chemical fertilizers, During the period of transition from agriculture to sustainable agriculture, combination of chemical fertilizers and Bio-fertilizers, especially organic fertilizers

16 WORLD BUSINESS

RM 420 million

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 15, 2017 • THEEDGE FINANCIAL DAILY FD

...use less nitrogen-based fertilizer

Bayer bets on agro-biotech

It will jointly develop biological solutions to use less nitrogen-based fertiliser

BY P J HUFFSTUTTER

CHICAGO: Germany's Bayer AG, one of the world's biggest agri-cultural chemical companies, is joining a US\$100 million (RM420 million) bet that the next big breakthrough in crop fertilisers will be found inside a biological Petri dish. Its Bayer LifeScience Center divi-

sion, along with biotech firm Ginkgo Bioworks, is forming a start-up to focus on developing biological solutions to reduce the use of ni-

trogen-based fertiliser, or make farmers' use more efficient, company officials said this week.

Series A investment from the two companies and hedge fund Viking Global Investors LP. The funding round closed on Wednesday. Bayer and Ginkgo Bioworks officials declined to discuss financial details or individual investment amounts.

The still unnamed business will focus on plant-based microbes, particularly finding ways for mi-

croorganisms to help plants and the soil assimilate nitrogen molecules from the air or other sources, The venture will be backed via a Gingko Bioworks chief executive officer (CEO) Jason Kelly said in an interview.

> The effort is part of a broader push in agricultural research to harness the microorganisms in plants and soil and, among other things, use them to improve crop yields or allow plants to thrive on lower amounts of fertiliser.

> > Reducing the amount of nitro-

gen fertiliser needed to feed plants could ease environmental concerns over water contamination from nitrogen fertiliser run-off and related greenhouse gas emissions, company officials said.

Michael Miille, a vice-president at Bayer Crop Science's biologics group, said launching this venture as a start-up was intended to keep it more nimble.

"Everything is designed for speed," said Miille, who will serve as interim CEO. - Reuters

IN BRIEF

VW CEO says has no plans to divide up the group

FRANKFURT: Volkswagen (VW) has no plans to follow local rival Daimler in considering changing the group's legal structure, its chief executive officer (CEO) said, even as the company undergoes the biggest transformation in its history. The world's largest vehicle maker by sales said on Monday it was stepping up the pace on its electric-car programme, announcing more than €20 billion (RM100 billion) of new investments over the next 12 years. Asked by reporters at the Frankfurt auto show whether he could imagine following rivals in looking at changing the group's structure, CEO Matthias Mueller said: "Others are always faster than

IBG Technologies

Through technologies, we provide:

Innovative solution through biotechnology

<u>Comprehensive model from the combination of</u> microbes, organic, chemical and trace elements

<u>Various</u> benefits

DISTINCTIVE ADVANTAGES

- 1. Improve soil organic matter utilization, thus reduce soil erosion
- 2. Improve transportation of nutrients by roots' natural secretion of growth factor elements by microbes
- 3. Minimize losses caused by run-off through the Phosphorus and Potassium Releasing Bacteria
- 4. Enhances plant growth
- 5. Increase inflorescence rate and the female ratio
- 6. Increase fruit weight and quality
- 7. Provide non-acidic nitrogenous fertilizer

IBG Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd.





About IBG Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd.

IBG Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. has its plant setup in Malaysia since 1998. It is incorporated in July 2004, under IBG Bio Ventures Sdn. Bhd. IBG Manufacturing paid up capital is RM 2 million.

Our philosophy :

"Innovative \underline{B} iotechnology for \underline{G} reen world will ultimately benefit to our human kind "





AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS



Gold MedalAward inITEX99'(Malaysia)InternationalInvention,Innovation & IndustrialDesign1999)for theinventionofBioFertilizer.

R



First Bio fertilizer Inoculants patent filling in Malaysia *Pl20062236*



Silver Medal Award in 27th Geneva International Exhibition of Agricultural Invention & New Techniques 1999.



AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS



R

BIONEXUS – Obtained from Malaysian Biotech Corporation – IBG certified as an industry player within the national biotechnology focus zone. Entitled to enjoy a 10 year 100% tax exemption.



Silver Award in Bio Technology Asia 2006 (3rd International Biotechnology Trade Exhibition, Conference & Awards)



ISO 9001 certified UKAS SGS; ISO 17025 Accredited Laboratory (For Chemical and Microbiology Laboratory).



ANUGERAH & PENSIJILAN



2011 International Standard Quality Award untuk kualiti produk





2016 Outstanding Achievers Award dalam Platinum Business Award – dalam SME Malaysia





2016 Product & Services Excellent Award dalam Sin Chew Business Excellence Award



2018 Outstanding Fertilizer Quality Product Award dalam 4th Malaysia Agro Excellence Award.



Model of Entrepreneurs Awards 2018

2018 Model of Entrepreneurs Awards.



2020 Philippine Halal certificate



2023 Malaysia Technology Expo Gold Award. (Kerjasama dengan MPOB)









RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

IBG Manufacturing Sdn Bhd has built the most hi-tech R & D Centre to back its strong R & D initiatives. The R & D centre focuses on cutting edge technology, from extensive research to the development of world-class biofertilizer products with self-owned intellectual property rights and great marketing potential.

We have established experiment fields and collaboration with well-known research institutes in Malaysia and China as an effort to ensure continuous products upgrade and innovations.



Method of application for Paddy



Day (-) 7: 100 ml IBG/knapsack x 10 knapsacks, total 1,000 ml IBG for 1 ha Day 25: 100 ml IBG/knapsack x 10 knapsacks, total 1,000 ml IBG for 1 ha Day 50: 150 ml IBG/knapsack x 10 knapsacks, total 1,500 ml IBG for 1 ha Day 75: 150 ml IBG/knapsack x 10 knapsacks, total 1,500 ml IBG for 1 ha

IBG PADDY Bio-fertilizer



Memperbaiki struktur tanah Dan pH tanah. Improves the soil structure and Coordinates soil pH

Great Effect

Meningkatkan berat 1000 biji. Increase weight of 1000 grain



COLLABORATION AGREEMENT

BETWEEN



MALAYSIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE (MARDI)

AND

IBG MANUFACTURING SDN. BHD.

IN RELATION TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF IBG MULTIPURPOSE BIO FERTILIZER FOR RICE CULTIVATION

CONFIDENTIAL.



FINAL REPORT ON

DEVELOPMENT OF IBG MULTIPURPOSE BIO FERTILIZER FOR RICE CULTIVATION



15th February 2017 - 30th May 2020 (6 Seasons)

Effect of IBG Multipurpose Biofertilizer on Yield.

Mardi Tanjung Karang Season 1



Effect of IBG Multipurpose Biofertilizer on Yield.





Ringkasan Laporan Kajian

Satu Perjanjian Kolaborasi untuk menjalankan kajian di antara MARDI dan IBG Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. telah dimeterai pada 11 April 2017. Kajian ini dilaksanakan di MARDI Tanjong Karang selama 6 musim penanaman dalam tempoh jangkamasa 40 bulan. Objektif utama kajian ini ialah untuk menentukan kombinasi IBG Multipurpose Bio Fertilizer dan baja subsidi untuk keperluan pembajaan tanaman padi. Dapatan kajian menunjukkan aplikasi rawatan T17 (kombinasi nisbah 50:50 (IBG:baja subsidi) dengan kadar 5 liter/ha merupakan rawatan yang terbaik kerana trend hasil yang tertinggi secara ketara pada musim 3, 4 dan 6. Perbezaan peningkatan hasil bagi musim terakhir iaitu ke-6 adalah sebanyak 40% berbanding dengan T26 (plot kawalan tiada pembajaan). Bilangan tangkai turut dipengaruhi secara ketara oleh rawatan dan mempunyai kolerasi positif dengan hasil. Penggunaan produk IBG juga didapati turut meningkatkan populasi mikrob di dalam tanah yang turut mempengaruhi peningkatan positif terhadap nitrogen, fosforus, kalium dan konduktiviti di dalam tanah.



IBG MANUFACTURING SDN, BHD. (473365-H) GST No: 001336541184

No. 3, Jelen TPP 3, Taman Perindustrian Putra, 47130 Puchong, Selangor Darul Ehsan. Tel: 603 -8066 2875 Fax: 603 -80521303 E-mail:inte@ibgv.com.my

Before

TEST REPORT

Customer:	Agronomy Department	Lab Number	: IBG-QC-83K/17
	IBG Manufacturing Sdn Bhd	Date received	: 4 th August 2017
	No. 3, Jalan TPP 3,	Date tested	: 5 th August 2017
	Taman Device Justice Button	Date tested	- 7 th August 2017
	47130 Puchong, Selangor Darul Ehsan.	Page 1 of 1	

Sample description : Soil Sample marking : TKS0 R2 T10

Test parameter	Method	Unit	Results
Total plate count, PCA @ 37°C for 48 hours	In House Method, TM-IBG-03-001, based on AS 1768.1.3, 1991	cfu/g	4.4 x 10 ⁵

4.4 x 10⁵ cfu/g

LEE CHOON HOONG Microbiologist cum R&D Executive BSc (Hons) in Biomedical Science

The above analysis is based solely on the sample(s) submitted by the customer. The report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.

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IBG MANUFACTURING SDN. BHD. (473365-H) GST No: 001336541184

No. 3, Jalan TEP 3, Taman Perindustrian Putra, 47130 Puchong, Selangor Darut Ehsan. Tel: 803 -8066 2875 Fax: 803 -80521303 E-mail.info@lbgv.com.my

After

TEST REPORT

Customer	Agronomy Department	
	IBG Manufacturing Sdn Bhd	
	No. 3. Jalan TPP 3.	
	Taman Perindustrian Putra.	
	47130 Puchong,	
	Selandor Darul Ehsan.	

Lab Number : IBG-QC-07220 Date received : 17th September 2020 Date tested : 17th September 2020 Date reported : 19th September 2020

Page 1 of 1

Sample description : Soil Semple marking : TKS6 R2 T10

Test parameter	Method	Unit	Results
Total plate count, PCA @ 37°C for 48 hours	In House Method, TM-IBG-03-001, based on AS 1766.1.3, 1991	cfu/g	3.8 × 10 ⁶

3.8 x 10⁶ cfu/g

LEE CHOON HOONG Microbiologist cum R&D Executive BSc (Hons) in Biomedical Science

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TK Season 1 (Before) R2T10 (30%) pH 5.36; Organic C 2.54%; Total N 0.33%; Total P 488.00 ppm; Avail P 31.70 ppm; Avail K 1.31 meq; Avail Ca 16.04 meq; Avail Mg 12.59 meq; CEC 24.80 meq

TK Season 6 (After) R2T10 (30%) pH 5.86; Organic C 2.85%; Total N 0.76%; Total P 3035.00 ppm; Avail P 359.50 ppm; Avail K 17.02 meq; Avail Ca 16.06 meq; Avail Mg 10.51 meq; CEC 20.10 meq



BETWEEN

MALAYSIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE a statutory body incorporated in Malaysia under the Malaysian Agricultural Research and Development Institute Act 1969 [Act 11] and having its headquarters office at MARDI Headquarters, Persiaran MARDI-UPM, 43400 Serdang, Selangor Darul Ehsan, (hereinafter referred to as "MARDI") of the one part;

AND

IBG MANUFACTURING SDN. BHD. (Company Registration No.: 199801017236 (473365-H)) a business registered under the law of Mulaysia and having its registered address at Suite 9-13A, Level 9, Wisma UOA II, Jalan Pinang, 50450, Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan and its business address at No. 3, Jalan TPP3, Taman Perindustrian Putra Puchong, 47130, Selangor (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") on the other part.

MARDI and the Company are hereinafter referred to as "the Parties" collectively and each as "the Party".

WHEREAS:

- A. MARDI and the Company has entered into the Collaboration Agreement in relation to the "Development of IBG Multipurpose Bio Fertilizer for Rice Cultivation" dated 11 April 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "Collaboration Agreement"). Pursuant to Clause 13 of the Collaboration Agreement, the Parties agree that any future commercialization of IBG Multipurpose Bio Fertilizer in relation to the rice cultivation shall be formalized and secured in a separate written agreement detailing the rights and responsibilities of the Parties, including any financial commitments (if any).
- B. Pursuant to the above, the Company is desirous to produce, market, distribute and self the IBG Multipurpose Bio Fertilizer for rice cultivation in any territory / country in the world and MARDI agrees for the Company to lead the commercialization of the IBG Multipurpose Bio Fertilizer subject to the terms and conditions as stated in this Agreement.
- C. For the purpose of the Company commercializing the IBG Multipurpose Bio Fertilizer pursuant to this Agreement, both Parties agree to name and commercialize the JBG Multipurpose Bio Fertilizer for rice cultivation as "IBG Paddy Bio Fertilizer" (hereinafter referred to as "the Product") subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth in this Agreement.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement on the dates indicated above.

SIGNED by for and on behalf of MALAYSIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE

......

DATO' DI, MOHAMAD ZABAWI BIN ABDUL GHANI Designation: Director General

.....

Witness TAPSIR BIN SERIN Designation: Deputy Director General

SIGNED by for and on behalf of IBG MANUFACTURING SDN. BHD. Company Registration No.: 199801017236 (473365-H)

...... DATO' YEAT SIAW PING

DATO' YEAT SIAW PING NRIC No: 630702-08-6037 Designation: Group CEO

·····

Witness YEAT NAI JIN NRIC No: 911201-14-5503 Designation: Marketing Manager

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Mardi Tanjung Karang



Mardi Seberang Perai



Kilang Beras Rakyat Sekinchan Sdn. Bhd.



May, 2022 7.84 mt/ha

Kesan di Tanjung Piandang, Perak Paddy Gallery in Tanjung Piandang, Perak









May, 2002 5.5 mt/ha Jan, 2003 7.2 mt/ha

Kesan di Chui Chak, Perak Paddy gallery in Chui Chak, Perak

Hasil di Chui Chak memperoleh 7 ~ 9 mt/ha. Masalah tumbang menjadi kurang.

The yield for every season is In the range of 7 ~ 9 mt/ha. Problems such as collapse has reduced





Kesan di Sekinchan, Selangor Paddy Gallery from Sekinchan, Selangor



May, 2002 10.63 mt/ha Feb, 2003 11.03 mt/ha

Research outcome in Karangmalang and Kemuten, Kabupaten Brebes, Indonesia

(by: DINAS PERTANIAN KEHUTANAN DAN KONSERVASI TANAH, 2001)

Abbrev.	Response	Ingredient	Karangmalang	Kemuten
PO	100% dosage of chemical fertilizer (CH)	300kg urea/ha 100kg ZA/ha 100kg SP–36/ha 100kg KCl/ha	4.28 mt/ha	6.06 mt/ha
P1	50% of CH 50% of IBG Biofertilizer	150kg urea/ha 50kg ZA/ha 50kg SP–36/ha 50kg KCl/ha 2 liter IBG Biofertilizer/ha	4.21 mt/ha	7.10 mt/ha
P2	75% of CH 75% of IBG Biofertilizer	225kg urea/ha 75kg ZA/ha 75kg SP–36/ha 75kg KCL/ha 3 liter IBG Biofertilizer/ha	5.56 mt/ha	6.77 mt/ha
P3	100% of IBG	4 liter IBG Biofertilizer/ha	6.20 mt/ha	7.73mt/ha
Production on offside of experiment plot			4.16 mt/ha	7.33mt/ha

⁽spacing: 2.5 x 2.5 cm)

Research outcome in Desa Jatipancur by PKPP

Response	Dosage	Location	Yield/ha
100% IBG Bio fertilizer	3.5 liter/ha	Sukarma, Saluyu plantation	11.01 mt/ha
IBG Bio fertilizer + supplement	2 liters/ha 75 kg of Urea 50 kg of TCP – 36	Ado Suganda, Sukamulya plantation Astami, Siundak plantation	8.40 mt/ha 8.00 mt/ha

Philippine Testimonial





Fertilizer Used: 3 liters IBG Bio-Fertilizer + 3 Bags 17-0-17 + 1 Bag 21-0-0 Variety: Rice M-3 (Hi-Breed) Year 2008 Result: 8,710 kg/ha Owner: Vilma Garzon, Kabacan, North Cotabato Fertilizer Used: 2 liters IBG Bio-Fertilizer + Chemical Fertilizer Variety: Rice M-3 (Hi-Breed) Result: 8.70 mt/ha

Owner: Vilma Garzon, Kabacan, North Cotabato

Philippine Testimonial





Fertilizer Used: 3 liters IBG Bio-Fertilizer + 2 Bags Urea (46-0-0) Variety: Rice M-11 Year 2008 Result: 10,218.90 kg/ha Planting Time: November 2008 *(Wet Season)* Owner: Vilma Garzon, Kabacan, North Cotabato

Fertilizer Used: 1 liters IBG Bio-Fertilizer + 1 Bag Urea (46-0-0) + 2 Bags 14-14-14 Variety: Rice M-7 (HI BREED) Remarks: w/ Chemical Fert harvested 3.35 mt/ha; w/ IBG harvested 7.04 mt/ha Owner: Manuel Quilantang, Ormoc City

Cambodia Testimonial



Cambodia Testimonial



Cost analysis

Day after planted	IBG Bio fertilizer (RM 345/4L)	Cost/ha
(-)7 days	IBG 100 ml/ks* x 10 knapsacks/ha	RM 86.25
25 days	IBG 100 ml/ks* x 10 knapsacks/ha	RM 86.25
50 days	IBG 150 ml/ks* x 10 knapsacks/ha	RM 129.38
75 days	IBG 150 ml/ks* x 10 knapsacks/ha	RM 129.38
	Total cost/ha	RM 431.25

* For paddy 120 days mature; For paddy 90 days mature, IBG bio fertilizer applied on day 15, 35, 55 DAP.

Chemical fertilizer dosage are applied according to estate decision.



Thank you IBG Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd:

Address:

Tel No.: Fax No.: Coordinate: Website: Email: No. 3, Jalan TPP 3, Taman Perindustrian Putra, 47130 Puchong, Selangor Darul Ehsan. 603 – 8066 2875 603 – 8052 1303 N 2.971074, E 101.575499 (N 2°58'15.8664", E 101°34'31.7958") www.ibgbiofertilizer.com.my/www.ibgv.com.my info@ibgv.com.my/siawping@ibgv.com.my